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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/713,605	11/13/2003	Manasi Deval	5038-337	2516
MARGER JOHNSON & MCCOLLOM, P.C Intel 210 SW MORRISON STREET, SUITE 400			EXAMINER	
			PARK, JUNG H	
PORTLAND, OR 97204		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		2419		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/713.605 DEVAL ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit JUNG PARK 2419 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 August 2008. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-30 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Information Disclosure Statement(s) (FTO/S5/0E)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date ________

Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ___

6) Other:

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Remark

- This communication is considered fully responsive to the Amendment filed on 08/18/08.
 - a. The Examiner acknowledges that the claims have not changed.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments filed have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

At page 7, applicant argues that the link failures correspond to failures on a data link, not to failures on a control channel based on the specification.

In reply, it is not claimed that the failures are only on data link. Claim 1 recites "aggregate information related to link failures" in stead of "aggregate information only related to failures on data link." Therefore, the examiner respectively disagrees.

At pages 7-8, applicant argues that "multiple failure notifications are aggregated into a single failure notification."

In reply, Erami discloses that the failure management unit 17 receives two failure inputs from optical failure detecting unit 12 and/or O/E converting unit 15 and then notifies a single failure to the LMP controlling unit 19 as shown in Fig.2 and ¶.61-62. The claim limitations explicitly read on "when a failure is detected in a data channel and control channel, the LMP controlling unit 19 requests the routing controlling unit to search the shortest route" as described in ¶.64. Therefore, the examiner respectively disagrees.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

 The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

 Claims 1-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Erami et al. (US 2003/0189920, "Erami") in view of McCormick et al. (US 2002/0083260, "McCormick").

Regarding claim 1. Erami discloses a system, comprising:

- a control processor (a processor, not shown, for control functions, see fig.2) to
 execute a control portion of link management (one of signal control units, see 16, 18, &
 19 fig.2);
- a line processor (a processor, not shown, for other functions except control functions, see fig.2) to execute an offload portion of the link management (one of other functions except control functions, see 12, 15, & 17 fig.2), where the line processor is configured to aggregate information related to link failures (two inputs to failure managing unit, see 17 fig.2), such that only one link failure notification is reported to the control card (a failure notification to the LMP control unit, see 17 and 19 fig.2 and ¶.61-62); and
- a communications port (ports, see 11 & 14 fig.2 and ¶.14) to allow the system to
 access a high-capacity communications link (backbone network, see fig.1 and ¶.4).

Erami does not explicitly disclose the limitations of "a control card, a line card, and a backplane to allow the control card and the line card to communicate." However, McCormick discloses a plurality of dedicated line card comprising a line processor and the examiner takes an official notice that a backplane is a circuit board to connect

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board/line cards together to make up a complete computer or network system.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to include a line card comprising a line processor taught by McCormick into each of the plurality of units in the MPLS router of Soumiya so that a control card as a central control card, a line card comprising a line processor for each of the plurality of units and a backplane for communication among line cards are used for the functions/units in the MPLS router in the OXC of Erami with the motivation of backplane's greater reliability and its convenience when line cards are added to or removed from the system.

Regarding claim 2, Erami discloses, "the control processor further comprising a general-purpose processor (not shown in fig.2, but inherent to have a general CPU for the control functions)."

Regarding claim 3, Erami does not explicitly disclose, "the control processor further comprising an Intel Architecture processor." However, it would have been an obvious matter of user's decision to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use one of available processors at the time of invention was made with the motivation of considering costs and reliability of a system.

Regarding claim 4, Erami discloses, "the line processor further comprising a network-enabled processor (network related units, see fig.2)."

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Regarding claim 5, Erami does not explicitly disclose, "the line processor comprising an Intel IXP processor." This claim is rejected for the same reasons and motivation set forth in the rejection of claim 3.

Regarding claim 6, Erami lacks what McCormick discloses, "the line processor further comprising at least one reduced instruction set micro-engine (fig.1)." This claim is rejected for the same reasons and motivation set forth for line card processor in the rejection of claim 1.

Regarding claim 7, Erami does not explicitly disclose, "the backplane further comprising a physical backplane connection." However, this claim is rejected for the same reasons and motivation set forth for the physical backplane in the rejection of claim 1.

Regarding claim 8, Erami discloses, "the backplane further comprising a network (fig.1)."

Regarding claim 9, Erami discloses a method of managing links in network, comprising:

- receiving traffic link data (data channels, see fig.2) about aggregation of data links into channels (channels, see fig.2; fig.3; and ¶.56) from a control unit (one of control units/functions, see 18-21 fig.2), the control card including a control processor executing a control portion of link management (at least one processor, not shown, for the control function, see fig.2)

- exchanging control link status messages with adjacent peers (control messages, see fig.20 and ¶.13) to execute an offload portion of the link management (transfer of control data among units, see fig.2):

- monitoring synchronization of data links in a channel (monitor failure, see fig.19 and ¶.17);
- determining if there has been a control link or data link failure (link failure, see fig.19 and ¶.17); and
- filtering and validating control packets relating to link management (Path, Resv, & Error messages, see fig.6 A-C and ¶.105-108)."

Erami does not explicitly disclose the limitation of "a control card and a line card implementing respectively". This claim is rejected for the same reasons and motivation set forth for a control card in the rejection of claim 1.

Regarding claim 10, Erami discloses, "further comprising identifying link configuration changes and notifying the control card (functions in the units, fig.2)."

Regarding claim 11, Erami discloses, "receiving traffic link data further comprising receiving traffic engineered link data in accordance with the Link Management Protocol (LMP unit, see 19 fig.2)."

Regarding claim 12, Erami discloses, "exchanging control link status further comprising exchanging link status messages (fig.6 A-C)."

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Regarding claim 13, Erami discloses, "monitoring synchronization of data links further comprising: detecting that a data link has lost synchronization; and notifying the control card of the loss (link failure, see fig.19 and ¶.17)."

Regarding claim 14, Erami discloses, "determining if there has been a control link or data link failure further comprising: detecting a loss of connectivity in a control channel; causing an event that notifies the control card; and setting a status flag indicating that the control channel has failed (control channel failure, see fig.4 and related paragraphs. ¶.115-119)."

Regarding claim 15, Erami discloses, "determining if there has been a control link or data link failure, further comprising: determining that a local node is not responding to data link verification message; and notifying the control card of a data link failure (Path, Resv, & PathErr messages, see ¶.105-109)."

Regarding claim 16, Erami discloses a method of establishing an offload portion of link management, comprising:

- initializing a unit (inherent to initialize a unit when power of a system is ON, see fig.2);
- registering an offload portion of the link management to be executed by the unit with a software mechanism (registration of link data using a TE protocol with link list pointer, see fig.8 and ¶.84);
- setting up a control connection of the link management with a control unit (control channel setup, see fig.3);

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 transmitting resource data to the control unit (resource/bandwidth, see fig.8 and ¶.98);

- receiving configuration information from the control unit including information about data links aggregated links into channels (fig.8; ¶.89-95; and ¶.56);
 - establishing connections with adjacent peers for each link (fig.3); and
 - maintaining the links (fig.3 and fig.4).

Erami does not explicitly disclose the limitation of "a line card and a control card including a control processor." However, this claim is rejected for the same reasons and motivation set forth for a line card and a control card in the rejection of claim 1.

Regarding claim 17, Erami discloses, "transmitting resource data further comprising transmitting physical link data (link list, see fig.8 and ¶.89), offload-controlled interfaces (interfaces, see fig.8, ¶.81, and ¶.91) and processing resources (resource/bandwidth, see ¶.98)."

Regarding claim 18, Erami discloses, "establishing connections further comprising exchanging link status messages (fig.6 A-C)."

Regarding claim 19, Erami discloses, "establishing connections further comprising exchanging messages to verify data links (fig.6 A-C)."

Regarding claim 20, Erami discloses, "establishing connections further comprising exchanging synchronization messages (fig.6 A-C)." Application/Control Number: 10/713,605 Art Unit: 2419

Regarding claim 21, Erami discloses, "maintaining the links further comprising: monitoring control and data links for failures (monitor failure, see fig.19 and ¶.17); identifying changes in link configurations (link failure, see fig.19 and ¶.17); and tracking synchronization in the data links (Path, Resv, & Error messages, see fig.6 A-C and ¶.105-108)."

Regarding claim 22, Erami discloses a method of establishing a control portion of link management, comprising:

- initializing a control unit (inherent to initialize a unit when power of a system is ON, see fig.2);
- registering a link management control portion to be executed by a control processor
 of the control unit with a software mechanism (registration of link data using a TE
 protocol with link list pointer, see fig.8 and ¶.84);
- setting up control connections (control channel setup, see fig.3) with units executing offload portions of link management (LMP unit, see 19 fig.2); and
 - aggregating data links into channels (¶.56); and
- configuring the line units (fig.2) including providing aggregation information (channel aggregation, see fig.3 and ¶.56).

Erami does not explicitly disclose the limitation of "a control card and a line card implementing respectively". This claim is rejected for the same reasons and motivation set forth for a control card in the rejection of claim 1.

Regarding claim 23, Erami discloses, "comprising receiving messages from the offload portions of link management (units for control channels, see fig.2)."

Regarding claim 24, Erami discloses, "comprising updating configuration data based upon the messages (¶.94 and ¶.98)."

Regarding claim 25, it is a claim corresponding to claim 9 except the limitation of "machine-readable media". However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention was made to use software-based machines. The benefit using computer-readable medium is that program can be changed and upgraded new features easily.

Regarding claims 26, and 28-30, they are claims corresponding to claims 10, and 13-15, respectively and are therefore rejected for the similar reasons set forth in the rejection of the claims.

Regarding claim 27, Erami discloses, "the instructions causing the machine to exchange control link status further causing the machine to exchange HELLO messages in accordance with the Link Management Protocol (Hello message, see ¶.163)."

Conclusion

 THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Contact Information

 Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jung Park whose telephone number is 571-272-8565. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri during 6:15-3:45.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edan Orgad can be reached on 571-272-7884. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Jung Park/

Examiner, Art Unit 2419

/Edan Orgad/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2419